### MEASURING SILAGE NUTRITIONAL VALUE THROUGH FORAGE AUDITS

Agri-Lloyd provide industry leading forage audit services as part of our science based approach to rumen health and nutrition. The analysis is conducted by our in-house Research and Development team and a full report is provided within 48 hours.



## OUR PRODUCT QUALITY IS INDEPENDENTLY ASSURED













### Agri-Lloyd International Ltd.

Glendower Road, Leominster, Herefordshire, HR6 ORL, United Kingdom

Telephone: 01568 610111 Fax: 01568 610666 Email: office@agrilloyd.com

#### Agri-Lloyd Ireland Ltd.

Unit 1, Millennium Business Park, Finglas, Dublin 11, Ireland

Telephone: 01 864 9011 Fax: 01 864 9019 Email: officeireland@aqrilloyd.com





## HM INOCULANT®

ALL CROP BACTERIAL SILAGE INOCULANT





# ALL CROP BACTERIAL SILAGE INOCULANT



HM Inoculant® supplies a concentrated and complex mix of three specifically selected strains of bacteria which function at different pH levels within the silage making process to give a more rapid and efficient fermentation process.

With 40 years of evolving technology, HM Inoculant® has been tried and tested by global institutions around the world. Over 30 independent trials show consistent improvements in silage quality and animal performance.

#### THE MAJOR BENEFITS OF HM INOCULANT® HM INOCULANT'S® UNIQUE FORMULATION Reduced Dry Matter Less secondary fermentation losses Enterococcus Faecium M.74 Improved D Value Rapid pH drop Pediococcus Pentosaceus Higher intakes and Improved palatability fermentation characteristics Lactobacillus plantarum Improved animal Improved utilisation performance and 4 (pH) feed efficiency of soluble sugars Pathogen Three bacteria strains provide activity over suppression a wider pH range.

### WHAT CAN GO WRONG?

PROBLEM	CAUSE
Rancid, fishy odour, slimy sticky texture	High butyric acid levels due to soil contamination, high manure levels, low dry matter crop under 30%
■ Mouldy silage with musty odour	Presence of oxygen, poor clamp filling and sealing, high dry matter above 50% or poor feedout management
Smell of vinegar	Acetic acid fermentation due to high levels of air reaching silage
Sweet smelling silage	High levels of ethanol produced by moulds
Ammonia odour	Due to excessive protein breakdown, clostridial fermentation and high pH levels
Smells burnt or tobacco	Due to excessive heating which is caused by secondary fermentation, also excessive wilting